Year Group: 6 National Curriculum Aims The national curriculum for design and technology aims to ensure that all pupils: ➤ develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world ➤ build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users ➤ critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others

Unit: Textiles

Technical knowledge

- Select from appropriate stitches to patch repair an item of clothing
- Choose and use appropriate tools (needles and threads) for repair

Product Outcome

To design a repair patch for a piece of clothing

Prior Learning: Pupils should able to read and follow a simple recipe, pupils should be able to use a knife to safely cut ingredients, **Knowledge and Key Vocabulary** Learning Intention/possible activities Curriculum What makes a good repair patch? Evaluate Knowledge: Children to explore real and visual images of repaired investigate and analyse a range of existing Know a variety of stitch types and how they can products clothina. be used to join fabrics. understand how key events and individuals Which designs do they prefer, why? Children can Name a variety of materials and their in design and technology have helped consider how the audience affects the repair patch. E.g. properties. shape the world how a child's repair patch may differ aesthetically to an adult's. Design Vocabulary: use research and develop design criteria to How can I design a patch that is appropriate to my Sew, stitch, blanket stitch, running stitch, decorative, inform the design of innovative, functional, audience? embellish, repair, practical, appealing, Children to select a piece of clothing or material and their appealing products that are fit for purpose, audience (boy, girl, adult, grandparent etc) and consider aimed at particular individuals or groups what type of design would be most appropriate. E.g. generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discrete design, a patch made into a feature. discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, Children to create a design criteria once they have prototypes, pattern pieces and computerestablished who the patch is for. aided design

select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities	Make a prototype, during which the children practice their stitching in order to succeed in their final designs. Edit designs to allow for any changes/improvements identified after making prototypes. Children to use appropriate materials, following design, to make their repair patch.	
properties and aesthetic qualities Evaluate evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world	How effective was my repair patch? Children to complete an evaluation form, considering how strong and aesthetically pleasing their design patch was. Children to refer to design criteria to evaluate whether it has been met.	

Thinking Deeper: What other products could be repaired in a similar way? How could I develop a repair idea into a profitable product/business idea?

Links to other subjects:

- Subject Specific links- maths/measuring
- Personal Development careers/entrepreneur
- SMSC social re-using
- Cultural Capital gain understanding into the ways in which everyday clothes are made and mended
- Careers Sewing, clothing/fashion design
- British Values –
- Equality –